



LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY OF NEW BRUNSWICK Third Session, 60th Legislative Assembly

**ORDER AND NOTICE PAPER – Sitting No. 36
Wednesday, May 8, 2024**

ROUTINE PROCEEDINGS

Prayers
Introduction of Guests
Statements of Condolence and Congratulation
Statements by Members
Oral Questions (30 minutes)
Tabling of Documents
Statements by Ministers
Presentations of Petitions
Answers to Petitions and Written Questions
Presentations of Committee Reports
Introduction of Bills
Notices of Motions
Notice of Opposition Members' Business
Government Motions for the Ordering of the Business of the House
Deferred Recorded Divisions
Orders of the Day

ORDERS OF THE DAY

GOVERNMENT BILLS AND ORDERS

GOVERNMENT BILLS FOR SECOND READING

Bills Ordered for Second Reading

Bill 14, An Act to Amend the Police Act – Hon. Mr. Austin
 Bill 35, An Act to Amend the Financial Administration Act – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 36, An Act to Amend the Motor Vehicle Act – Hon. Mr. Austin
 Bill 37, An Act to Amend the Salvage Dealers Licensing Act – Hon. Mr. Austin
 Bill 38, An Act to Amend the Judicature Act – Hon. Mr. Flemming, K.C.
 Bill 39, Justices of the Peace Act – Hon. Mr. Flemming, K.C.
 Bill 40, An Act Respecting Hearing Officers – Hon. Mr. Flemming, K.C.
 Bill 41, An Act to Amend the Private Occupational Training Act – Hon. Mr. Turner
 Bill 42, An Act Respecting Local Governance and Regional Service Delivery – Hon. Mr. G. Savoie

STANDING COMMITTEE ON ECONOMIC POLICY

Bill 21, An Act to Amend the New Brunswick Income Tax Act – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 22, An Act to Amend the Safer Communities and Neighbourhoods Act – Hon. Mr. Austin
 Bill 23, An Act Respecting Renewable Gas and Hydrogen – Hon. Mr. Holland
 Bill 24, An Act Respecting Occupational Health and Safety – Hon. Mr. Turner
 Bill 25, An Act Respecting An Act Respecting Child and Youth Well-Being – Hon. Mr. Flemming, K.C.
 Bill 26, Special Appropriation Act 2024 – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 27, An Act to Amend the New Brunswick Income Tax Act – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 28, An Act to Amend the Provincial Court Act – Hon. Mr. Flemming, K.C.
 Bill 29, An Act Respecting Cannabis Control – Hon. Mr. Fitch
 Bill 30, An Act to Amend the Tobacco and Electronic Cigarette Sales Act – Hon. Mr. Fitch

STANDING COMMITTEE ON PRIVATE BILLS

Bill 31, An Act to Amend An Act Respecting the Law Society of New Brunswick – Mr. Holder

BILLS AWAITING ROYAL ASSENT

Bill 16, Consumer Protection Act – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 33, Appropriations Act 2024-2025 – Hon. Mr. Steeves
 Bill 34, Supplementary Appropriations Act 2022-2023 (2) – Hon. Mr. Steeves

GOVERNMENT MOTIONS

Motion 41 by Hon. Mr. Holland, seconded by Hon. Mr. Higgs to propose the following resolution on Tuesday, March 26, 2024:

WHEREAS New Brunswickers and all Canadians are struggling with affordability as a result of Liberal inflation;

WHEREAS the Parliamentary Budget Officer stated, “*When both fiscal and economic impacts of the federal fuel charge are considered, we estimate that most households will see a*

net loss, paying more in fuel charges and GST than they will receive in Climate Action Incentive payments”;

WHEREAS it is estimated that a family of four will have to pay \$700 more for groceries in 2024 because of the inflationary carbon tax;

WHEREAS the federal government plans to again hike the carbon tax on April 1 by a punishing 23%;

WHEREAS the province has a Climate Change Action plan that is about real action and not symbolic gestures;

WHEREAS New Brunswick is leading the country in terms of greenhouse gas emissions reductions, having reduced emissions by 39% since 2005, and has made a further commitment to achieve net-zero by 2050;

WHEREAS the Governor of the Bank of Canada has indicated that the elimination of the Liberal carbon tax would have a significant beneficial impact on inflation;

WHEREAS 70% of provincial Premiers are asking the federal government to pause the planned April 1 increase;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick urge Prime Minister Trudeau, Dominic LeBlanc, and the government of Canada to abolish the federal carbon tax forthwith.

[Debate interrupted due to expiration of time.]

CONCLUDED

Motion 16 by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie. Carried October 31, 2023.

Motion 24 by Hon. Mr. Steeves. Debated and carried November 28, 2023.

Motion 26 by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie. Carried November 21, 2023.

Motion 30 by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie. Debated and carried December 8, 2023.

Motion 33 by Hon. Mr. Steeves. Debated March 19, 21, 22, 26, 27, and April 2, and carried April 2, 2024.

Motion 37 by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie. Debated and carried December 8, 2023.

Motion 39 by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie. Carried December 7, 2023.

GOVERNMENT PRIVATE MEMBERS' MOTIONS

Motion 50 by Ms. Conroy, seconded by Hon. Mr. G. Savoie to propose the following resolution on Tuesday, April 2, 2024:

WHEREAS the Chignecto Isthmus, located in Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, is an interprovincial surface and rail trade corridor of national importance;

WHEREAS the Intercolonial Railway constructed along the Chignecto Isthmus, in accordance with section 145 of the *Constitution Act, 1867*, physically united the Canadian federation by linking the province of Nova Scotia with the provinces of Ontario and Quebec;

WHEREAS Parliament passed, in 1948, the *Maritime Marshland Rehabilitation Act*, which provided for the Government of Canada to construct and reconstruct dykes, aboiteaux, and breakwaters;

WHEREAS the Chignecto Isthmus is currently vulnerable to the effects of rising sea levels and increasingly intense severe weather events that threaten this interprovincial surface and rail trade corridor of national importance;

WHEREAS the governments of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick have undertaken the Chignecto Isthmus Climate Change Adaptation Comprehensive Engineering and Feasibility

Study to expeditiously mitigate impacts of climate change on the communities and farmlands located within the Chignecto Isthmus;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick urge the Parliament of Canada to pass Bill S-273, *An Act to declare the Chignecto Isthmus Dykeland System and related works to be for the general advantage of Canada*;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that this motion be forwarded to the Prime Minister of Canada, the Minister of Housing, Infrastructure and Communities, and all New Brunswick Members of the House of Commons and Senators.

CONCLUDED

Motion 38 by Mr. Cullins. Debated and carried December 12, 2023.

OPPOSITION MEMBERS' BUSINESS

OPPOSITION MEMBERS' PUBLIC BILLS FOR SECOND READING

Bill 18, An Act to Amend the Motor Vehicle Act – Mr. C. Chiasson

Bill 19, An Act Respecting the Right to a Healthy Environment – Mr. Coon

Bill 20, Highway Cellular Coverage Act – Mr. D'Amours

Bill 32, An Act to Amend the Residential Property Tax Relief Act – Mr. D'Amours

OPPOSITION MEMBERS' MOTIONS

Debatable Motions

Motion 1 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, October 26, 2023:

WHEREAS, on September 20, the Premier of New Brunswick told protesters outside the Legislative Assembly, “children are being taught to lie to their parents” by teachers;

WHEREAS that statement by the Premier of New Brunswick was disrespectful to teachers;

WHEREAS the teachers of New Brunswick play a pivotal role in shaping the future of our province through their dedication and hard work in educating our children;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the Premier of New Brunswick to issue a formal apology to the teachers of New Brunswick.

Motion 2 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, October 26, 2023:

WHEREAS the Human Development Council reported that there are at least 560 unhoused people living in New Brunswick's three major cities who cannot be housed without significant support mechanisms;

WHEREAS British Columbia offers complex care housing, which provides an enhanced level of health and social supports to address the needs of people who have overlapping mental health and substance use issues, trauma, or acquired brain injuries who are often left to experience homelessness or at risk of eviction;

WHEREAS there is limited peer-supported housing with wrap-around services for homeless people or people at risk of becoming homeless in New Brunswick;

WHEREAS providing wrap-around services such as mental health support, addiction treatment, employment assistance, and case management is crucial to preventing more New Brunswickers from experiencing homelessness and addressing the complex needs of homeless individuals;

WHEREAS a comprehensive and holistic approach to homelessness can significantly reduce the strain on social services, healthcare, and law enforcement while promoting community well-being;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to take immediate action to fund and implement a comprehensive program for peer-supported housing for the homeless, along with wrap-around services to address their diverse needs;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to set targets and measurable outcomes to gauge the success of this program, with regular reporting to the public.

Motion 3 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, October 26, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswickers are facing financial challenges due to the rising costs of gasoline, which are affecting their daily lives, commuting, and overall cost of living;

WHEREAS the Parliamentary Budget Officer estimated that the average New Brunswick household is expected to pay at least \$501 more on gas per year;

WHEREAS the Higgs government authorized a new tax to be added to regulated fuel prices to force consumers to pay for Irving Oil's additional costs in complying with the federal clean fuel regulations;

WHEREAS the Higgs government gas tax has added as much as seven cents for a regular unleaded litre of gasoline since its introduction on July 1, 2023, making New Brunswick's gasoline among the most expensive in Canada;

WHEREAS there was no need for the Higgs government to make it legally possible for Irving Oil to pass the costs for cleaning up their petroleum products to New Brunswickers since there was a 36-cent increase in refinery margins in New Brunswick between 2019 and 2022;

WHEREAS the Energy and Utilities Board plans to review the Higgs government's gas tax formula after six months of its implementation;

WHEREAS there is no way for customers who have been paying the Higgs government gas tax to get their money back if, after its review, the Energy and Utilities Board finds that the tax was too high or unnecessary;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to immediately eliminate the Higgs government's tax on gasoline prices.

Motion 4 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, October 26, 2023:

WHEREAS consecutive Liberal and Conservative governments have implemented policies to centralize the management of New Brunswick's healthcare system;

WHEREAS the decentralization of our healthcare system will provide better decision-making that reflects local realities, allowing for more responsive and effective healthcare services;

WHEREAS involving local decision-making can improve healthcare services, increase community engagement, and lead to more innovative solutions to address healthcare issues at the grassroots level;

WHEREAS an Angus Reid Institute survey, in collaboration with the Canadian Medical Association, indicates that New Brunswickers' dissatisfaction towards the province's

management of the healthcare system was the highest in Canada, with a combined 82% saying they are either “moderately” or “very dissatisfied”;

WHEREAS the same survey shows that 82% of New Brunswickers feel that the overall quality of healthcare in New Brunswick has deteriorated over the past 10 to 15 years;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to reinstate locally elected board members for the Regional Health Authorities boards;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to re-establish the essential role of hospital administrators to manage their local hospitals, in collaboration with the medical and non-medical staff who work there.

Motion 5 by Mr. McKee, seconded by Mr. Losier to propose the following resolution on Thursday, October 26, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswick’s healthcare system has been grappling with a multitude of challenges, including critical shortages of healthcare workers and staffing retention issues that need to be addressed;

WHEREAS patients in New Brunswick endure prolonged wait times for essential healthcare services;

WHEREAS New Brunswick has a significant senior population and one of the highest rates of chronic health conditions in the nation, which further emphasizes the pressing need for a healthcare system that is readily accessible to all residents;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to table, no later than April 1, 2024, a healthcare worker retention plan.

[Debate interrupted due to expiration of time.]

Motion 9 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 2, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswick is already experiencing the effects of climate change, including but not limited to extreme weather events, such as more frequent and severe storms, hurricanes, flooding, droughts, and forest fires;

WHEREAS effective communication during climate-related emergencies is vital to ensure public safety and minimize the impact of climate-related disasters;

WHEREAS access to cellphone coverage remains inconsistent across New Brunswick, with numerous rural areas experiencing inadequate or unreliable cellular network service, rendering rural New Brunswickers vulnerable during times of climate-related emergencies;

WHEREAS cellphones and wireless communication provide a crucial means of broadcasting timely and life-saving information to the public during emergencies, such as evacuation notices, weather alerts, and safety instructions;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to take immediate action to guarantee provincewide cellphone coverage, including the implementation of necessary public infrastructure and financial investments to ensure reliable network connectivity.

Motion 10 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 2, 2023:

WHEREAS the increasing cost of rent is exacerbating the affordability crisis that many New Brunswickers are facing;

WHEREAS housing is a fundamental human right, and affordable and stable housing is essential for the well-being of all New Brunswickers;

WHEREAS a temporary rent cap was implemented in 2022;

WHEREAS the Higgs government is failing to protect tenants from unaffordable rent increases;

WHEREAS a permanent rent cap can provide a long-term solution to protect renters from excessive rent increases and create stability in the housing market;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to establish a permanent rent cap.

Motion 12 by Mr. McKee, seconded by Mr. Arseneault to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 2, 2023:

WHEREAS there is a need to revisit the decision regarding the funding of the new RSV (respiratory syncytial virus) vaccine for seniors to enhance their overall health and well-being;

WHEREAS there is a general consensus on the importance of funding the RSV vaccine for seniors to alleviate the strain on hospitals and ensure more efficient healthcare resource allocation;

WHEREAS it is evident that RSV is a significant contributor to hospital admissions during certain periods of the year and that redirecting the funding of the associated hospital costs could serve to provide vaccines to a substantial number of seniors in need;

WHEREAS RSV disproportionately affects people aged 65 and older, infants, and immunocompromised individuals, leading to hospitalization and, in some cases, fatalities;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to fund the voluntary RSV vaccine beginning in 2023 for seniors and other vulnerable groups, considering the potential benefits it represents for public health and healthcare system efficiency;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to classify RSV as a notifiable disease under public health regulations, which will enable the collection of essential data for a more informed response to this health challenge.

[Debate interrupted due to expiration of time.]

Motion 14 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 2, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswickers are struggling to make ends meet due to rising energy costs;

WHEREAS the Enhanced Energy Savings Program has been effective in promoting energy efficiency, reducing energy costs for low-income families, and decreasing greenhouse gas emissions;

WHEREAS, although the provincial government recently announced that it will spend another \$30 million on the Enhanced Energy Savings Program, an investment of \$150 million is needed to clear the existing waitlist of about 16,000 households;

WHEREAS there is a growing need to address the energy efficiency concerns of moderate-income households, which may not qualify for the Enhanced Energy Savings Program under the current income threshold;

WHEREAS NB Power is projected to expand its energy efficiency savings target to 0.75 % of sales by 2028-29, below what is recommended by experts;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to invest a minimum of \$120 million to clear the Enhanced Energy Savings Program's existing waitlist;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to raise the income threshold of the Enhanced Energy Savings Program to \$75,000 and establish zero-interest loans for moderate income households to furnish the capital for cost-effective energy retrofits of homes;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to raise the energy efficiency savings target to 1.5% of sales by 2025.

Motion 15 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswick's neonatal intensive care and special care nursery admission rates continue to be above the national average;

WHEREAS the accessibility of midwifery services is limited in New Brunswick, hindering options for expectant parents and placing more strain on the existing healthcare system;

WHEREAS the Midwifery Demonstration Site in Fredericton has attended 271 births since its inception in October 2017, reporting extraordinary client experience of 99% satisfaction with the care they received;

WHEREAS an evaluation done by a third party on Fredericton's Midwifery Demonstration Site in 2022 highlighted that the inclusion of midwives in perinatal care improves health outcomes and empowers expectant parents to make informed choices about their care;

WHEREAS the same evaluation on Fredericton's Midwifery Demonstration Site calls on the government to expand the midwifery services across the province, immediately scale up the existing Fredericton clinic, begin looking at options to create spots for New Brunswickers in midwifery educational programs, and overhaul the *Midwifery Act*;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to immediately implement the recommendations from the Fredericton Midwifery Demonstration Site Summary Evaluation Report, in consultation with the Midwifery Council of New Brunswick.

Motion 20 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

WHEREAS, despite the government's social assistance reform, New Brunswick's social assistance rates are still the lowest in Canada for all household categories;

WHEREAS social assistance recipients in New Brunswick are still living well below the poverty line and in deep poverty, struggling to meet their basic needs and attain a decent standard of living;

WHEREAS the Higgs government's austerity measures led to six consecutive surpluses, including a surplus of over \$1 billion for the fiscal year 2022-23;

WHEREAS implementing a guaranteed liveable income program for social assistance recipients would eliminate poverty by ensuring that individuals and families have the financial means to meet their basic needs;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to take immediate action to develop a strategy to implement a guaranteed liveable income program in consultation with experts, social assistance recipients, and advocacy groups.

Motion 22 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

WHEREAS many New Brunswickers are struggling with an escalating affordability crisis that has seen skyrocketing prices for essentials, including food, housing, medication, heating oil and gasoline;

WHEREAS, although New Brunswick recently increased the minimum wage to \$14.75 per hour, it remains the lowest in Atlantic Canada and the second lowest in Canada;

WHEREAS the Human Development Council calculates living wages in New Brunswick by investigating the real-life and real-time costs of living and considers the current living wage to be an average of \$20 per hour in New Brunswick;

WHEREAS ensuring that all New Brunswickers earn a living wage is crucial to lift individuals out of poverty, increase economic security, reduce financial stress, support one's physical and mental wellness, encourage healthy child growth and development, promote social inclusion and belonging, and improve quality of life;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to create a plan to increase the minimum wage to a living wage;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to create a program to provide temporary financial support to help employers with any increased costs resulting from the transition from a minimum wage to a living wage.

Motion 23 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

WHEREAS a significant number of New Brunswickers do not have access to paid sick days;

WHEREAS the COVID-19 pandemic has highlighted the importance of paid sick leave in protecting public health and minimizing the spread of contagious diseases;

WHEREAS no worker should continue to fear losing their job as a result of getting ill or having to take care of a family member;

WHEREAS, since instituting paid sick days, British Columbia has reported multiple benefits, including increased productivity, better staff retention, a decline in workplace injuries, and an increase in morale;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to take immediate action to ensure that all workers in New Brunswick are entitled to a minimum of 10 paid sick days per year;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to create a program to provide temporary financial support to small and medium-sized businesses to help them cover the costs of providing paid sick leave to their employees.

Motion 25 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 30, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswick only produces 3% of the food that New Brunswickers eat;

WHEREAS, according to the 2021 census, New Brunswick lost 20% of its farms between 2016 and 2021;

WHEREAS, according to the 2021 census, only 6.7% of New Brunswick farmers are under 35 years old;

WHEREAS local agriculture encourages dynamic land use;

WHEREAS agriculture is a structure-based sector that is resistant to delocalization;

WHEREAS encouraging local non-industrial agriculture constitutes a way to fight climate change;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to immediately set ambitious local purchasing targets for public establishments in New Brunswick;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to see to the creation of a farm school in New Brunswick in partnership with NBCC and CCNB in an RSC that does not have a postsecondary institution;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to undertake an agricultural reform that focuses on diversification rather than intensification, which includes completely stopping the destruction of the Tracadie shooting range.

Motion 27 by Mr. J. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. M. LeBlanc to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 30, 2023:

WHEREAS New Brunswick municipalities underwent a consequential, once-in-a-generation local governance reform;

WHEREAS effective and efficient municipal governance is essential for the well-being and progress of New Brunswick's communities;

WHEREAS there is growing demand for a thorough examination of current municipal governance and administrative practices and structures to identify areas for improvement and enhancement;

WHEREAS a government summit on fiscal reform scheduled for Fall 2023 has been postponed and no date has been set;

WHEREAS completing the project of municipal reform in New Brunswick, including the fiscal reform as indicated in the White Paper, requires a collaborative effort involving various stakeholders, including government officials, community leaders, and citizens;

BE IT RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to appoint a select committee on municipal reform to:

1. review the current state of municipal governance in New Brunswick;
2. identify challenges and opportunities to improve existing municipal structures;
3. consult with relevant stakeholders to gather feedback on the reforms;
4. examine best practices from other jurisdictions that have successfully implemented municipal reforms;
5. develop recommendations for legislative and policy changes to enhance the effectiveness and efficiency of municipal governance in New Brunswick.

Motion 28 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 30, 2023:

WHEREAS the conservation of New Brunswick's Crown forests and waters is essential to the well-being of our environment, biodiversity, and the overall health of our communities;

WHEREAS Crown lands were never ceded or surrendered to the Crown by First Nations;

WHEREAS currently 10% of Crown lands are designated as protected natural areas, while another 15% of Crown lands are farmed for high volume wood production in plantations that are harvested by clearcutting, leaving 75% of Crown lands to meet multiple objectives;

WHEREAS research led by Dr. Matt Betts of Oregon State University shows that New Brunswick forestry companies' practice of clearcutting natural forest has significantly degraded the habitat of between 33 and 104 million forest birds since 1985;

WHEREAS the weight of the evidence in the scientific literature shows that exposure to glyphosate-based herbicides leads to reduced biodiversity in freshwater ecosystems and forests and poses numerous human health risks;

WHEREAS there is a pressing need for enhanced oversight and management of Crown lands and waters to ensure ecologically sustainable practices and responsible stewardship;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to replace clearcut logging of Crown land with ecologically-based harvesting practices;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to ban the spraying of herbicides, including glyphosate, on Crown land;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to negotiate shared management agreements for Crown lands with First Nations communities.

Motion 31 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 30, 2023:

WHEREAS the Chief Medical Officer of Health plays a crucial role in safeguarding the public health of New Brunswickers and advising the government on medical matters;

WHEREAS the Gallant government undermined the independence of the Chief Medical Officer of Health by restructuring the Office of Public Health and moving many of its staff and resources to other departments;

WHEREAS, under the Higgs government, the Chief Medical Officer of Health admitted that political preferences played a role in public health decision-making during the COVID-19 pandemic;

WHEREAS the lack of independence of the Chief Medical Officer of Health may result in delayed or inadequate responses to health crises, miscommunication, and erosion of the public trust;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to amend the *Public Health Act* to ensure that the Chief Medical Officer of Health is a public advocate for the health of New Brunswickers, not a private advisor to government.

Motion 32 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, December 7, 2023:

WHEREAS, during Local Governance Reform, the Higgs government raised the maximum multiplier that municipalities are permitted to charge for non-residential and heavy industrial properties to 1.7;

WHEREAS 35 New Brunswick municipalities have increased their multiplier to 1.7 and are not permitted to increase it further;

WHEREAS Nova Scotia, Newfoundland, Prince Edward Island, Quebec, Manitoba, and Saskatchewan do not have limits on non-residential and industrial property tax multipliers;

WHEREAS New Brunswick residents shoulder more than their fair share of the property tax compared to large industrial facilities;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to remove the maximum limit on the municipal property tax multiplier for non-residential and heavy industrial properties;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to create additional industrial property tax classifications;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to eliminate property tax exemptions on heavy industries.

Motion 34 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, December 7, 2023:

WHEREAS the climate crisis represents one of the greatest threats to both human civilization and nature;

WHEREAS the burning of fossil fuels, including coal, oil, and natural gas, is the greatest contributor to climate change, responsible for almost 86% of carbon dioxide emissions in the past decade;

WHEREAS the expansion of fossil fuels is incompatible with the internationally agreed 1.5 °C climate threshold to prevent the worsening and potentially irreversible effects of climate change;

WHEREAS the International Energy Agency stated that there can be no new oil, coal, or gas development if the world is to reach net zero by 2050;

WHEREAS, in 2019, Premier Higgs discreetly carved out an exception in the moratorium on hydraulic fracking in New Brunswick for the Sussex area;

WHEREAS Premier Higgs is determined to expand the production of fossil fuels and has indicated that he would pursue fracked gas development with or without First Nations' consent;

WHEREAS, in April 2022, Quebec became the first jurisdiction in the world to ban oil and gas development on its territory;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to implement a comprehensive and immediate ban on the new exploration for fossil fuel;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to enact legislation to prohibit the drilling of wells for the production of natural gas and oil within New Brunswick;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to allocate resources to support the development and implementation of renewable energy to ensure a livable future.

Motion 35 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, December 7, 2023:

WHEREAS transportation is the second-largest source of New Brunswick's greenhouse gas emissions, accounting for approximately 26% of its total greenhouse gas emissions, and the second-largest sector for energy demand at 23%;

WHEREAS New Brunswick could achieve the most significant greenhouse gas emission reductions in the transportation sector by reducing the reliance on personal vehicles and using alternative forms of transportation;

WHEREAS public transportation provides an affordable alternative to private car usage and ensures equitable access to essential services, education, and employment opportunities;

WHEREAS, unlike Premier Higgs, Premiers Ford and Legault work hand in hand with the CEO of VIA Rail and the federal government to improve regional rail service in central Canada;

WHEREAS Premier Higgs' inattention to public transportation extends to the Maritime Bus service and city transit services, which receive no provincial support for their operating budgets;

WHEREAS the New Brunswick Transportation Authority is well suited to lead the development and implementation of an effective public transportation strategy;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to revive the New Brunswick Transportation Authority to lead the implementation of a provincial public transportation strategy, including inter-city bus and regional rail;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to allocate the necessary resources and funding to support the New Brunswick Transportation Authority in executing the public transportation strategy;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to properly allocate funding for the operational costs of city transit services and to ensure Maritime Bus can provide interconnection with transportation services in Quebec in the next provincial budget.

Motion 36 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, December 14, 2023:

WHEREAS the 2014 New Brunswick general election produced a Liberal majority government with 100% of the power, despite only receiving 28% of the vote among eligible voters;

WHEREAS the 2020 New Brunswick general election produced a Conservative majority government with 100% of the power, despite only receiving 26% of the vote among eligible voters;

WHEREAS the New Brunswick Commission on Legislative Democracy established in 2003 by Conservative Premier Bernard Lord designed and recommended a mixed-member proportional representation system for New Brunswick;

WHEREAS the 2017 Commission on Electoral Reform recommended that the government consider some form of proportional representation;

WHEREAS over 90 countries currently use proportional representation, including 85% of countries in the Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development;

WHEREAS New Brunswick's electoral system should accurately reflect the will of the people, something that cannot be achieved through the current first-past-the-post electoral system;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to implement a proportional representation voting system.

Motion 40 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Arseneau to propose the following resolution on Thursday, December 14, 2023:

WHEREAS Horizon and Vitalité health networks spent \$57 million on temporary, private agency nurses over a 5-month period between April 1, 2023, and August 31, 2023;

WHEREAS the average hourly wage for mid-career nurses in New Brunswick is \$45.67 per hour, one of the lowest wages paid in Canada, after Quebec;

WHEREAS, according to the New Brunswick Nurses' Union, the average hourly wage for a travel agency nurse in New Brunswick is \$142 per hour;

WHEREAS Quebec passed a bill that will limit the use of travel nurses, with a goal of banning hospitals from using them by the end of 2025;

WHEREAS Nova Scotia is limiting the amount of time travel nurses can work in that province;

WHEREAS the money spent on private travel nurse agencies could be better spent on training, retention, and recruitment of New Brunswick nurses;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to cease the use of private for-profit travel nursing agencies by the end of 2025;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to strengthen the public healthcare system by addressing the staffing shortages through strategic investments in training, retention, and recruitment of nurses residing and working in New Brunswick.

Motion 42 by Mr. Legacy, seconded by Mr. Gauvin to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS New Brunswickers have been facing steep cost of living increases;

WHEREAS New Brunswick's rurality means that people have to drive great distances to access necessary services, get to their medical appointments, take their kids to school, go to work, and run errands;

WHEREAS the original intent of the carbon charge was to push refineries into investing in technology and processes that will reduce emissions in our province;

WHEREAS the burden was transferred to New Brunswickers by the Higgs government since the introduction of the carbon adjuster on July 1, 2023, a separate charge added to the price of gas;

WHEREAS the carbon adjuster has added up to 6.58 cents per liter of regular gasoline, making New Brunswick fuel some of the most costly in the country;

WHEREAS the Energy and Utilities Board (EUB) was informed in January 2024 that the carbon adjuster is costing New Brunswickers 26 times more than it should given their current formula;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to immediately eliminate the carbon adjuster costs from gasoline prices in the province.

Motion 43 by Mr. McKee, seconded by Ms. Holt to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS the integration of digital transformation and healthcare innovation can lead to improved patient outcomes, increased accessibility and enhanced operational efficiency within the healthcare system;

WHEREAS the adoption of standardized digital records management systems is essential for the seamless exchange of patient information and coordination of care across healthcare providers, regions, and health authorities;

WHEREAS investment in medical technology for the intake, monitoring and wellness of patients is paramount for lowering healthcare access wait-times, lowering overall healthcare costs and improving services to a higher standard of care;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to establish a comprehensive technology vision for healthcare delivery that outlines the government's strategic direction for digital transformation and innovation and integrating technological advancements into healthcare delivery;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government to allocate resources towards the implementation of a standardized digital records management system that facilitates the seamless and secure exchange of patient information among healthcare providers, regions, and health authorities.

Motion 44 by Mr. McKee, seconded by Ms. Losier to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS healthcare professionals across the province agree that a change in the way we manage healthcare human resource planning is needed;

WHEREAS strategic long-term and sustainable investments are needed in our healthcare system;

WHEREAS addressing the urgent need for a robust recruitment and retention strategy is essential to ensuring the sustainability and effectiveness of New Brunswick's healthcare system;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to take an integrated model approach to healthcare human resource planning in order to address current and future healthcare needs in the province based on clear data, projections, and targets;

BE IT FURTHER RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to develop a comprehensive and multiyear health human resource (HHR) strategy that prioritizes recruitment and retention of healthcare professionals.

Motion 45 by Mr. McKee, seconded by Mr. D'Amours to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS invasive Group A streptococcal infections (strep A) present a serious danger to younger and older New Brunswickers that is on the rise in the province and across the country with New Brunswick at double the national fatality rate;

WHEREAS early testing is key to treating strep A;

WHEREAS 90,000 people in New Brunswick are finding themselves without a permanent primary care provider and unable to rely on virtual consultations for strep A infections and the six pharmacies able to provide testing are fully booked regularly;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to amend the terms of its Pharmacist Care Clinic pilot expanding the program to more pharmacies across the province and providing pharmacies with the training and equipment necessary to offer the tests.

Motion 46 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS the right to repair is the fundamental principle that individuals and businesses should have the ability to access repair manuals, diagnostic tools, and information necessary to repair their own equipment and consumer products;

WHEREAS manufacturers use obsolescence tactics to deliberately make repair difficult by using special tools, parts, or scant repair information and instructions;

WHEREAS implementing right to repair legislation would empower forestry, agriculture, heavy equipment operators, and consumers alike to repair their equipment and devices, thereby reducing the cost of living and increasing access to affordable repair services;

WHEREAS the right to repair promotes environmental sustainability by reducing electronic waste, conserving resources, and minimizing the carbon footprint associated with manufacturing and disposal;

WHEREAS right to repair legislation recognizes the importance of rural repair shops, garages, and skilled technicians in providing repair services to communities across New Brunswick and would benefit residents living in rural New Brunswick who often struggle to find authorized repair shops;

WHEREAS Prince Edward Island, Manitoba, and Quebec have introduced right to repair laws, providing a framework for New Brunswick to follow;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to institute comprehensive right to repair legislation, ensuring that consumers have access to necessary tools, parts, and information to repair their products, and fostering a more sustainable and consumer-friendly marketplace.

Motion 47 by Mr. K. Chiasson, seconded by Mr. J. LeBlanc to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS property taxes continue to be a concern especially since the taxable value of houses has jumped for the third year in a row across the province with increases of 50% or more being reported and with economists still projecting a steeper increase in home values over the coming years;

WHEREAS property tax increases are putting additional pressures on New Brunswickers who are already struggling with the current cost of living;

WHEREAS the cost of assessments is a fee set in legislation at \$19.40 per \$100,000 that a property is assessed to be worth, which is expected to raise a record \$15.8 million from

property owners (\$1.5 million more than last year, mostly from residential properties) and has remained so despite property values soaring;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to amend the Act affecting property tax assessment costs, pausing the property assessment fee pending a comprehensive review of the property tax system.

Motion 48 by Mr. Losier, seconded by Mr. Legacy to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS housing is a human right that the majority of New Brunswickers fear will be taken from them due to unaffordability;

WHEREAS building affordable housing is harder than ever before for developers because of the rising cost of building materials and property taxes;

WHEREAS construction of rental developments is almost at a standstill in rural areas with an alarming vacancy rate of less than 2% across the province;

WHEREAS the federal government announced in September 2023 it would remove the Goods and Services Tax (GST) from the construction of purpose-built rental housing;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to establish a Harmonized Sales Tax (HST) rebate program for new affordable rental builds to help create more housing, ensuring that the province remains competitive with neighbouring provinces as it addresses the growing demand for affordable rental housing.

Motion 49 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. Legacy to propose the following resolution on Thursday, March 28, 2024:

WHEREAS the efficient and judicious use of taxpayer funds is paramount to responsible governance;

WHEREAS fostering positive and constructive relationships between different levels of government is essential for effective governance and public service delivery;

WHEREAS diverting public funds towards advertising campaigns that target and attack other levels of government undermines the spirit of collaboration and cooperation necessary for addressing societal challenges;

WHEREAS such advertising expenditures can be perceived as partisan and divisive, eroding public trust in the political process and government institutions;

WHEREAS the public interest is best served when government communications focus on informing citizens about policies, services, and initiatives rather than engaging in adversarial messaging against other levels of government;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that this Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to refrain from spending any public funds on advertising campaigns that are directed at other levels of government.

Motion 51 by Mr. Arseneau, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, April 4, 2024:

WHEREAS the Standing Committee on Estimates and Fiscal Policy has the responsibility to review expenditure plans of provincial departments and agencies;

WHEREAS the Main Estimates for 2024-25 tabled in the Legislature do not contain the detailed expenditure plans for each provincial department and agency;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the Minister of Finance and Treasury Board to table detailed expenditure plans for each provincial department and agency for 2024-25.

Motion 52 by Mr. Legacy, seconded by Mr. LePage to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 9, 2024:

WHEREAS the Orphan Site Program originally began in 1990 under the Environmental Trust Fund before being terminated in 2009 with no clear justification;

WHEREAS the Auditor General's 2022 audit clearly demonstrated that the Department of Environment and Local Government does not effectively administer the contaminated sites management process, despite the risk of contaminated sites to human health and the environment;

WHEREAS the province has a backlog of over 1000 contaminated sites (some of them orphan), dating back up to 35 years and with three quarters of them over 10 years old;

WHEREAS, as of March 31, 2022, a liability for contaminated sites of \$50.8 million was recorded in New Brunswick's public accounts;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to reinstate the funding for the remediation of orphan and abandoned sites through the Environmental Trust Fund following a review of its criteria and funding mechanism.

Motion 53 by Mr. LePage, seconded by Ms. Thériault to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 9, 2024:

WHEREAS experts are predicting more severe and frequent storms in the future due to climate change and have expressed concern regarding erosion, especially in areas along New Brunswick's northeastern and southeastern coasts;

WHEREAS communities across the province have voiced their worry regarding the deteriorating state or absence of infrastructure that protects them from erosion;

WHEREAS coastal erosion has left many New Brunswickers on the brink of losing their homes;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to invest and support communities to prevent and deal with the impacts caused by erosion along the coasts.

Motion 54 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. K. Chiasson to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 9, 2024:

WHEREAS the New Brunswick Insurance Board continues to grant new requests from auto insurance companies to use credit scores to set rates for drivers in the province despite the Attorney General openly questioning the fairness of the practice;

WHEREAS more drivers per capita in New Brunswick have poor credit compared to the rest of the country;

WHEREAS New Brunswickers are struggling with steep increases in the cost of living, including car insurance rates;

WHEREAS New Brunswick's Consumer Advocate for Insurance stressed the need for government intervention to stop this practice, similar to other jurisdictions such as Ontario and Newfoundland and Labrador;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to ban the use of credit scores in setting insurance rates.

Motion 55 by Ms. Landry, seconded by Mr. M. LeBlanc to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 9, 2024:

WHEREAS one third of New Brunswickers have a disability, 8.3% higher than the national average;

WHEREAS the current government of New Brunswick has failed to deliver on accessibility in the province;

WHEREAS the current and proposed pieces of legislation around an Accessibility Act leave an important gap of time in the coverage needed by people needing accessibility measures;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to implement the construction adjustments needed and proposed in the accessibility committee report in the 2024 designs and plans for renovation and construction of provincial buildings.

Motion 56 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. LePage to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 9, 2024:

WHEREAS the effective functioning of labour relations is crucial for fostering prosperity and well-being among workers and employers in New Brunswick;

WHEREAS recent legislative actions, such as Bill 23 in 2022 and Bill 17 last fall, have strained the relationship between the government and the labor movement, resulting in heightened tensions and diminished trust;

WHEREAS there exist opportunities for enhancing labour relations practices within the province to foster greater cooperation and collaboration among employers, employees, and their representatives;

WHEREAS the current framework provided by the *Public Service Labour Relations Act* and the *Industrial Relations Act* could be refined through collaborative efforts to address concerns and promote mutual understanding, thereby fostering increased job satisfaction, productivity, and economic growth in New Brunswick;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that this Legislative Assembly urge the government of New Brunswick to take proactive measures aimed at improving labour relations in the province and to establish a committee, comprised of government officials and labour representatives, tasked with conducting a thorough examination of the current state of labour relations and proposing actionable steps to enhance cooperation and dialogue between the government and labour stakeholders.

Motion 57 by Mr. Coon, seconded by Ms. Mitton to propose the following resolution on Thursday, April 4, 2024:

WHEREAS the Standing Committee on Economic Policy does not have the mandate to call for expert witnesses during the debates of bills referred to the committee, limiting its ability to properly scrutinize proposed legislation;

WHEREAS an agreement was struck to allow witnesses to appear at the Standing Committee on Economic Policy to present on Bill 114, *Child and Youth Well-Being Act*, and led to eight legislative amendments to strengthen the bill;

WHEREAS allowing the Standing Committee on Economic Policy to access expert witnesses during the study of bills at committee would enhance its capacity to assess the potential impacts, implications, and effectiveness of proposed legislation;

WHEREAS the House can authorize a legislative committee to call for expert witnesses;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that, notwithstanding the Standing Rules and established mandates of committees, the Legislative Assembly authorize the Standing Committee on Economic Policy to invite expert witnesses during the debates of bills referred to the committee.

Motion 58 by Ms. Mitton, seconded by Mr. Coon to propose the following resolution on Thursday, April 4, 2024:

WHEREAS the federal government announced a cap on the number of international students who can study in Canada;

WHEREAS these changes have the potential to hurt New Brunswick by wiping out recent enrollment growth at colleges and universities, shrinking the labour market, and reducing the number of provincial immigration nominations;

WHEREAS post-secondary institutions have said that the decision to cap study permits represents a real risk for the financial health of our post-secondary institutions in New Brunswick, particularly for Francophone institutions which possess the lowest conversion rates;

WHEREAS international students are critical to growing New Brunswick's population and economy and increasing enrollment at New Brunswick's post-secondary institutions;

WHEREAS New Brunswick MLAs are opposed to the cap on international students as it unfairly targets all provincial jurisdictions, despite not all of them experiencing the same problems;

WHEREAS the provincial government, through the Department of Post-Secondary Education, Training, and Labour, has already asked for an exemption from the federal government's international student cap;

BE IT THEREFORE RESOLVED that the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick urge the federal government to provide to New Brunswick an exemption from the federal government's proposed cap on international students.

Motions for Returns

Motion 18 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. Losier to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all documentation related to the expenses incurred by Elections New Brunswick relating to the preparation and planning of a potential provincial election since May 1, 2023.

Motion 19 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. Losier to propose the following resolution on Thursday, November 9, 2023:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all documentation, information, notes, memos, records, correspondence, however stored, electronically or otherwise, including but not limited to, e-mails, mobile to mobile device communication, PINs, and SMS text messages, regarding all communications between the Premier's Office, the Executive Council Office, and Elections New Brunswick relating to the preparation and planning of a potential provincial election since May 1, 2023.

Motion 59 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. D'Amours to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 16, 2024:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all information in any format, in the possession of the government related to work performed for the Government of New Brunswick by Steve Outhouse, including but not limited to contracts, letters of engagement, letters of instruction, correspondence, invoices, expense claims, reports, or recommendations, since September 1, 2023.

Motion 60 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. D'Amours to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 16, 2024:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all information in any format, in the possession of the government related to work performed for the Government of New Brunswick by Intercede Communications, including but not limited to contracts, letters of engagement, letters of instruction, correspondence, invoices, expense claims, reports, or recommendations, since September 1, 2023.

Motion 61 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. D'Amours to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 16, 2024:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all information in any format, in the possession of the government related to work performed for the Government of New Brunswick by Mash Strategy, including but not limited to contracts, letters of engagement, letters of instruction, correspondence, invoices, expense claims, reports, or recommendations, since September 1, 2023.

Motion 62 by Mr. M. LeBlanc, seconded by Mr. D'Amours to propose the following resolution on Thursday, May 16, 2024:

THAT an address be presented to Her Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, praying that she cause to be laid upon the table of the House all information in any format, in the possession of the government related to work performed for the Government of New Brunswick by Derek Robinson, including but not limited to contracts, letters of engagement, letters of instruction, correspondence, invoices, expense claims, reports, or recommendations, since September 1, 2023.

CONCLUDED

Motion 6 by Mr. Gauvin. Debated and defeated November 23, 2023.

Motion 7 by Mr. Gauvin. Debated and carried as amended March 28, 2024.

Motion 8 by Ms. Landry. Debated and carried as amended October 26, 2023.

Motion 11 by Mr. Legacy. Debated and defeated November 2, 2023.

Motion 13 by Ms. Thériault. Debated and defeated November 30, 2023.

Motion 17 by Mr. McKee. Debated and carried as amended November 23, 2023.

Motion 21 by Ms. Landry. Debated and carried as amended December 7, 2023.

Motion 29 by Ms. Mitton. Debated and defeated December 7, 2023.

PETITIONS

Petition 1: Ms. Mitton, October 18, 2023.	(Response, November 1, 2023)
Petition 2: Ms. Mitton, October 18, 2023.	(Response, November 1, 2023)
Petition 3: Ms. Landry, October 25, 2023.	(Response, November 9, 2023)
Petition 4: Mr. Coon, October 25, 2023.	(Response, November 9, 2023)
Petition 5: Ms. Thériault, November 2, 2023.	(Response, November 22, 2023)
Petition 6: Mr. Bourque, November 22, 2023.	(Response, December 6, 2023)
Petition 7: Mr. Allain, November 23, 2023.	(Response, December 6, 2023)
Petition 8: Mr. Allain, December 7, 2023.	(Response, December 21, 2023)
Petition 9: Ms. Holt, December 12, 2023.	(Response, January 9, 2024)

Petition 10: Mr. Coon, December 12, 2023.	(Response, January 9, 2024)
Petition 11: Mr. Arseneau, December 12, 2023.	(Response, January 9, 2024)
Petition 12: Ms. Mitton, December 12, 2023.	(Response, January 9, 2024)
Petition 13: Mr. McKee, March 22, 2024.	(Response, April 5, 2024)
Petition 14: Hon. Mr. Ames, March 26, 2024.	(Response, April 11, 2024)
Petition 15: Hon. Mr. Hogan, March 28, 2024.	(Response, April 11, 2024)
Petition 16: Ms. Landry, May 7, 2024.	
Petition 17: Mr. D'Amours, May 7, 2024.	

COMMITTEE REPORTS

Select Committee on Accessibility in New Brunswick	Final Report, March 28, 2024
Standing Committee on Climate Change and Environmental Stewardship	First Report, December 8, 2023
Standing Committee on Economic Policy	First Report, November 1, 2023 Second Report, November 21, 2023 Third Report, November 23, 2023 Fourth Report, November 28, 2023 Fifth Report, March 20, 2024
Standing Committee on Estimates and Fiscal Policy	First Report, May 7, 2024
Standing Committee on Procedure, Privileges and Legislative Officers	First Report, March 28, 2024

WRITTEN QUESTIONS (see Appendix A)

Shayne Davies
Clerk of the Legislative Assembly

APPENDIX A**WRITTEN QUESTIONS**

Question No. 1 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 17, 2024)
Question No. 2 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 4, 2024)
Question No. 3 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 4, 2024)
Question No. 4 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 4, 2024)
Question No. 5 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 30, 2024)
Question No. 6 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 30, 2024)
Question No. 7 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 12, 2024)
Question No. 8 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, January 12, 2024)
Question No. 9 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, April 30, 2024)
Question No. 10 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, April 30, 2024)
Question No. 11 by Mr. D'Amours	(Response, April 18, 2024)
Question No. 12 by Mr. D'Amours	

Directed to: Hon. Mr. Ames
Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure

Would the Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure please explain the reasoning behind the decision to cover the name "Saint-Basile" on the department's green signs along the Trans-Canada Highway and at exits in the Saint-Basile area?

Question No. 13 by Mr. D'Amours

Directed to: Hon. Mr. Ames
Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure

Would the Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure indicate whether the department removed or covered the names of other former communities in the province that appeared on its green signs along the highways and roads in the province in 2023 and 2024?

Question No. 14 by Mr. D'Amours

Directed to: Hon. Mr. Ames
Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure

Would the Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure indicate whether the department intends to remove or cover up the names of former communities in the province that appear on its green signs along the highways and roads in the province in 2024 and 2025?

Question No. 15 by Mr. D'Amours

Directed to: Hon. Mr. Ames
Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure

Would the Minister of Transportation and Infrastructure indicate the procedure the department follows to have discussions with local communities and get their opinion when making changes to department signs along the highways and roads in the province?

Question No. 16 by Mr. Losier

(Response, April 23, 2024)

Question No. 17 by Mr. Losier

(Response, April 23, 2024)